



20th Anniversary Celebration

Lewin Education Centre

Lewin
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Singapore's

1800s 1930s

Foresters along the coast were the first to establish the forest reserve that the British named the early 1930s. The Singapore Botanic Gardens was established in 1859. The first forest reserve was established in 1862. The Singapore Botanic Gardens was established in 1859. The first forest reserve was established in 1862. The Singapore Botanic Gardens was established in 1859. The first forest reserve was established in 1862.

A study by researchers from National University of Singapore (NUS) and the Singapore Environment Centre (SEC) revealed that 40% of the urban forest in Singapore is made up of non-native species. In addition, Singapore has up to 70% of its species and genera that are native to the island. The most commonly lost to the forest are those that are native to the island.



Black Stilt (*Centropus viridis*)
An introduced migrant found in marshes, wetlands and mangroves.



Grey-headed Fish Eagle (*Haliaeetus leucogaster*)
An introduced migrant found around water bodies in the central catchment as well as some parks.

Bicentennial

1940s 1967

The Singapore government during the 1940s and 1960s established the Singapore Environment Centre (SEC) and the Singapore Environment Centre (SEC) to manage the environment. The Singapore Environment Centre (SEC) was established in 1940. The Singapore Environment Centre (SEC) was established in 1940.

In 1967, the Singapore Environment Centre (SEC) was established to manage the environment. The Singapore Environment Centre (SEC) was established in 1967. The Singapore Environment Centre (SEC) was established in 1967.



Lesser Whistling Duck (*Spilargyx squarosa*)
An introduced migrant found around lakes, marshes and ponds.



Black-capped Kingfisher (*Halcyon chloris*)
An introduced migrant found in coastal and inland wetlands, gardens and wooded areas.

Biodiversity

2009 TODAY

Natural Parks Board (NPB) developed and launched the National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan (NBSAP) in 2009 to promote biodiversity conservation in the city state.

Today, the government continues to further biodiversity conservation. The Singapore Environment Centre (SEC) has been established to manage the environment. The Singapore Environment Centre (SEC) has been established to manage the environment.



Stork-billed Kingfisher (*Alcedo hercules*)
An introduced migrant found around water bodies in parks, wetlands, forest and mangroves.



Grey Heron (*Ardea cinerea*)
An introduced migrant found in mangroves and wetlands.

